

**PERSONAL.**

ality to me is fully appreciated.

The Shoe	Situation.
Footwear markets are, for the season, manufacturers are sending orders for delivery up to the week are now placing orders in wholesalers are sending orders for delivery up to the week are now placing orders in producers announce that they are paid on all this new business, December 26th.	exceptionally active holidays, and jobbers for operations last week. East-acts freely. East-ers, and New Eng- full list prices-ines.—Lun's Re-



## Aroostook Potato Raising.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE JOURNAL: The ideal Aroostook potato soil is a fine sandy loam of a reddish brown color, with no lime rock in the soil, and consequently a sour soil, bearing weeds and grasses of the reddish flowering varieties, and but few or no blue flowering plants. The soil requires barn dressing and lime to make it bear clover, unless the soil has some lime rock in it and consequent blue clay, which is ideal for clover, but not for potatoes.

Potatoes are extremely sensitive, both to the kind of soil they are grown in and the kind of fertilizer used. Phosphates of lime, bone or phosphate rock, are all good and similar in nature, but when dissolved with sulphuric acid, and thus changed to superphosphate, they are then ideal potato fertilizer. In short, acid in the soil or in the fertilizer, or both, is very important to potato growth. But this may be easily overcome, because it is the acid, or tendency to acid, in the sap of the vine and in the potato that is evidently the prime cause of rot. In short, it is over culture. After carefully watching the rust on potato vines, and the resulting rot in the potato that follows in about ten days after the rust strikes, I am led to the conclusion that rust is due mainly to overheating the vine (it occurs first in the hottest places) thus causing the sap to ferment and sour, and the fermented sap goes immediately to the potato, and in about ten days develops a ferment rot in the potato, whether the potato is dug or not, after the rust strikes the vine. The potato resists the rot best when undisturbed.

A similar rot may be produced by hurriedly filling a cellar with newly dug potatoes and shutting the cellar up before they have had a chance to dry out and throw off the heat caused by the first storing.

Once the potatoes are dried out and cooled, then the cellar should be closed up, practically tight, and especially should all light be shut off if you would keep out the strong bitter flavor and greenish brown color that exposure to light produces.

But a word more in regard to rot. Some of the farmers up this way have used a Bordeaux mixture made of salt and lime, instead of vitriol and lime, and claim that it is better because the salt is more cooling than vitriol. Lime tends to sweeten and thus resist the tendency to ferment. I have not yet tried the salt, but the idea strikes me well.

Potatoes are extremely prone to breed freaks; in other words, prone to variation. This fact makes any variety easy to run out, and equally easy to improve by careful selection of seed, soil or fertilizer; but most readily with seed. I raise the Green Mountains, and four years ago, when cutting my seed in May, I noticed that there had been a remarkable difference in the way different potatoes had kept. Some were bright, tender and mealy, yet firm and unspouted; others had sprouted and soft; some even wrinkly, while others were hard, watery, brittle and cold, as though they were dead. These last I think generally fail to germinate. I noticed a few potatoes in the lot that were a beautiful creamy color, with velvety skins, and eyes near the surface, so that they could be peeled without waste, and in shape flattened and oblong, thus readily cooked through before breaking up. They felt firm and alive, with a sign of sprouting. They struck me as ideal potatoes, and I planted them by themselves for choice seed, and at least one third of the yield was true to the seedling, but the other two thirds were off in color, shape, texture, etc. Then I sampled these choice ones on the table, fall and spring, and there they showed up equally well, and I planted by themselves all I had that next spring, and a larger percentage bred true to the seedling. Last spring I planted nothing else, and when I marketed my crop in November I think my potatoes were the handsomest lot in town. The largest shipper in town handled them and he called them the handsomest. This is what one can do in four years, or he can let his crop practically run out in that time; if, like the slovenly farmer, he first sells all he can spare, then lives out of the balance all winter and uses what he has left for seed.

As for seed the medium size is best. The biggest potato in a hill is biggest because it is earliest, and if continuously replanted breeds a very early potato, early to sprout and a poor keeper. The smallest potato is smallest because it is latest. It is an excellent keeper and late sprouter, but if continuously replanted it will make such a slow growing late potato that the season is not long enough to grow it. Therefore, to best preserve a given variety you should use the medium size for seed.

This year I dug my crop by hand, and every hill I found that had ten good potatoes or more in a hill I laid out to select my next year's seed from. I got only four barrels in this way, and hope they will prove more prolific than the average. My average yield this year was 85 barrels to the acre, due to two causes I shall avoid next year. First, I did not cut the seed myself, and the cutter worked for speed without regard to eyes, pushing the potatoes by a set knife. The seed were cut by splitting each potato lengthwise, giving it a quarter turn, then splitting the whole lengthwise again, then still holding the whole potato together and turning it and cutting it crosswise, thus making at least one seed in eight without a sprout, and I think a lot more. Should say at least one-fifth of the seed so cut will never come. The cutter knew then nothing of what I call cutter seed then nothing went in. The seed I used, so these all

old Aspinwall plants were planted with a good many skips. As a rule, that made a good fourth of all the hills planted, at least one-fifth of the hills produced nothing. Without the above errors I should have raised about twenty barrels more per acre, and as I sold my crop this fall at \$1.75 per barrel, the loss was \$35 per acre. As a very careful cutter can cut

seed enough for one acre in a day (4 barrels) it will be seen that cutting ten barrels per day is not profitable; yet many farmers here are seeding that way.

As for potato diggers, none dig clean, unless the potatoes are planted in perfectly straight rows, at an even depth, in ground free from large rocks and witchgrass. New ground is so uneven, because of former cradle knolls, that the ground in working level in cultivating leaves the seed at uneven depths, and one would hardly run a digger deep enough to take the deepest potatoes; hence, it pays to dig some land by hand. One man can dig an acre and pick them up in about eight days. Four men, three horses and a machine can do it in a day.

Witchgrass is our greatest difficulty, but it can live only two years unless it can re-seed itself; hence two years' pasturing or two years' early cutting, two crops per year, before the seed form, kills it. Late fall plowing sometimes sprouts and freezes it out. Some farmers set the land apart for a season and summer till the witchgrass out with repeated disc harrowing every time it starts up. Scab is still a mystery. It occurs most where there are most angleworms. Personally I believe either the angleworm or some insect puts its eggs in the skin of a potato and thus causes the scab that protects the egg until it hatches the next year. Angleworms thrive best where the soil is richest. I don't know how they reproduce themselves, and therefore cannot convict them of the scab nuisance. It certainly is not well to plant scabby seed. Angleworms are our best soil ventilators and soil drainers and cannot be despised.

Potato vines will stand a great amount of trampling and abuse and survive, but all abuse to vines is taken out of the growth of the tuber, while the vine comes up smiling. Potato bugs eat the weakest plants first and most and dislike the strongest. Pure commercial fertilizers are not an enduring success without some barn manure. Barn manure, spread on sod in the late fall and plowed in in the spring, and about a half ton of good fertilizer per acre put in with the potatoes, makes the best dressing. Manure in the hills rots the potatoes, and if the manure is full of live angle-worms, scab will be over-abundant. Better freeze the worms out by late fall spreading. But high class potato raising without commercial fertilizer is done as follows: Barn dressing is spread heavy on the turf after haying and plowed under as shallow as possible. This takes a strong team, but it pays. Then wait until the weed seed in the manure has sprouted and new grass is showing, then harrow well, being careful not to turn the sod back, thus destroying weeds and much of the sod. The next spring cross plow this deep, harrow and put in the seed. This is a prime success; try it. It is one plowing vs. commercial fertilizer and weeds. It pays.

C. S. GRIFFIN.

**CASTORIA.**  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
Bears the Signature of  
*Charles H. Fletcher*  
MR. BRYAN'S LATEST.

The latest statement from William Jennings Bryan is almost as interesting as the things which are being said in Presidential messages, although in a different way. Mr. Bryan last evening made the startling announcement, according to the press report, that Mr. Taft had been elected President through a combination of the financial, commercial and industrial interests of the country. Mr. Bryan is quoted as saying that he would rather remain a private citizen than be subservient to those interests. What interest would Mr. Bryan care to serve were he President? Certainly the financial, commercial and industrial interests would seem to be interests which, if properly served, would promote the well being of the people. Passing from this remarkable declaration by the Peerless One we find in his address other matters of interest. For example, Mr. Bryan gives notice that he cannot be read out of the party without a struggle. He announces that he is still the Democratic leader and will remain so as long as the party wants him in that position. He is apparently to judge of the strength of the party's desire that he should continue as its prophet. There is an allusion here to people who might be personally interested in bringing about his retirement. Such individuals are notified that the boss is still in the saddle and that the commoner is still the official organ of the Democracy. Mr. Bryan has our sympathy. He has made political leadership profitable. It has introduced him to many a lecture audience, and lecturing pays if you are known as a leader. Leadership has likewise made possible his journalistic venture and the newspaper published by a leader has a good start in the struggle for circulation and advertising patronage. Leadership has other advantages. It has been the means of introducing the gentleman from Nebraska to the crowded heads of the effete monarchies of the Old World. It has made him a world famous personage. Certainly he won't give up his leadership without a fight. The trouble is, however, that even a Peerless One whose record is a record of defeat may become tiresome and be left in the position of a leader with nobody to lead.—Portland Advertiser.

Nearly everybody knows DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills made. They are small, pleasant, sure Little Liver pills. Sold by R. H. Moody.

A New Maine Enterprise.

The Oxford Paper Company, which is building a large addition to its plant at Rumford Falls, Maine, for the manufacture of bleach liquor and caustic soda by a new electrolytic process invented and developed by Jasper Whiting of Boston, has just closed a contract for the electric machinery. This apparatus is to be built by the Western Electric Company, and includes five motor-generator sets, each consisting of a 500-horse-power, 2300-volt induction motor, direct connected to a 330-kilowatt, 220-volt, direct current generator, the power to be taken from the Rumford Falls Power Company. It is said this discovery and its application will result in a great saving in the cost of manufacturing paper.

Kodol for Dyspepsia, indigestion, weak stomach, sour stomach, gas on the stomach, a combination of the natural digestive juices found in a healthy stomach with necessary vegetable acids, and is the only thing known today that will completely digest all kinds of food under any condition. It is guaranteed to give prompt relief from any form of stomach trouble. Take Kodol and be convinced. It will cure your dyspepsia. Sold by R. H. Moody.

## In Memory of Lincoln.

Living Monument to be Reared by American People. National Movement Begun to Perpetuate Lincoln Hospital.

NEW YORK, December 28. Half a million dollars will be offered in memory of Abraham Lincoln by the people of this country between Christmas and the hundredth anniversary of his birth, according to the leaders of a national memorial movement which was started in this city today. To permanently endow the Lincoln Hospital and Home, where thousands of colored and white patients have been treated, educated and housed here for the last sixty-nine years, is the object for which American citizens in every section of the land are to be invited to devote their individual tributes to the martyred president. Seventy-five thousand dollars has today been promptly subscribed in this city to start this fund and its completion in time for the centenary celebration is declared to be assured when the people of other cities and States learn of the project.

In crumpled dollar bills and stamps, as well as substantial checks, the working committee of this new Lincoln memorial movement are preparing to receive the response of the people from end to end of the country to their Christmas call for a living monument to Lincoln. Thousands of white and colored persons, who have alike received the free treatment, care and relief of the institution since long before the Civil War, are today enlisting in the movement to perpetuate it in Lincoln's name. From the infirm old people who are weaving baskets for the fund in the home wards to the corps of a hundred graduate trained nurses who are spreading its relief work in every part of the country, a volunteer army of beneficiaries will work to secure the future of this unique hospital in the name of the great emancipator.

No other institution exists today in this part of the country where the training and expert services of nurses of the colored race are successfully combined with the operation of a modern hospital managed and largely patronized by whites. The professional authorities here declare that this work has opened a wide field for successful service to the race which Lincoln freed. Booker Washington, Robert C. Ogden and other leaders in solving the problems of the colored race in this country have today joined in supporting the project to dedicate this successful undertaking to the memory of the author of the emancipation proclamation. Scores of organizations that appreciate and derive benefit from the work of the Lincoln Hospital and Home have also joined the movement.

Women members of the most prominent New York families founded and have always managed this extensive institution, and the national campaign for its perpetual dedication to Abraham Lincoln will be conducted by them. The working committee of the movement consists of Miss Mary W. Booth, president of the board of managers of the institution; Mrs. A. D. Juillard, Mrs. Arthur Curtis James, Mrs. Henry L. Stimson, Mrs. Frank H. Platt, Mrs. Samuel Sloan, Jr., and Mrs. Samuel C. Van Dusen. Samuel Sloan has been placed in charge of the receipt of this Lincoln national memorial fund at 475 Fifth avenue.

## MAINE FOLKS IN CALIFORNIA.

The San Diego, Calif., Sun of December 5th, publishes a report of a meeting of the State of Maine Society in National City. The Vice-President, Mrs. E. L. Gowen, was formerly of Brooks, a daughter of C. E. Lane. The Sun says: The State of Maine Society was entertained on gentlemen's night, December 3d, at the home of the vice-president, Mrs. E. L. Gowen, National City. The rooms were prettily decorated with holly, and mistletoe hung in the doorways to catch unsuspecting persons. The usual New England supper was served at 6 o'clock. The tables fairly groaned under the load of good things prepared by the New England housewives. After doing ample justice to the generous repast the tables were cleared away, leaving room for the general merrymaking, which consisted of cards, dancing, music, etc. The youth up to 80 years of age renewed their youth while tripping the light fantastic toe through the mystic mazes of the Virginia reel. An informal program was rendered, including the following: Piano selections, Mrs. Boyd; reading, by special request, Mr. Wadleigh; vocal selections, Miss Anderson; recitation, little Miss Doris Roberts; sailor song, Mr. Wadleigh; piano selections, Miss Merrill of Lewiston, Maine; song, Miss Gertrude Gowen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Gowen.

The guests of the evening were Mrs. Littlefield of Kennebunkport, Maine; Miss Lord of Biddeford, Maine; Mr. and Mrs. Daley of San Diego, and Mrs. Cowing of San Diego.

Many thanks are extended to Mrs. Annie Russ Johnstone and husband for so generously loaning chairs, tables, coffee urn, etc.

## The Henhouse a Gold Mine.

When the yearly product of one hen will buy a barrel of high-class flour it ought not to be thought a hardship to live. That is the case to-day and figuring the cost of keeping at one dollar and a quarter it surely makes the cost of good flour comparatively cheap. The man who can encourage his hens to get busy these days has a small gold mine in every henhouse. It is doubtful if there has been known a year when the average price of eggs has been as high as for 1908. No man can understand why the flocks increase so slowly where there is certainty of such substantial returns.—Dr. G. M. Twitchell in the Maine Farmer.

CLUBBING OFFERS. The following clubbing offers apply only to subscriptions paid in advance; and when payment is made it should be stated what premium, if any, is desired. It is also necessary to say that none of these publications are mailed with The Journal or from this office. We have to pay for these publications one year in advance, and they are then sent from their respective offices to our subscribers. Our clubbing offers are as follows for one year's subscription paid in advance: The Journal and Farm & Home..... \$2.00 The Journal and Tribune Farmer..... 2.25 The Journal and McCall's Magazine..... 2.10 The Journal and New Idea Magazine..... 2.10 The Journal and Tri-Weekly Tribune..... 2.50

Soother itching skin. Heals cuts or burns without a scar. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

## CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Charles H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

## GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

*Charles H. Fletcher*  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## Collector's Notice of Sale.

Unpaid taxes on real estate situated in the town of Searsmont, in the county of Waldo, for the year 1908.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the town of Searsmont aforesaid, for the year 1908, committed to me for collection for said town, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold without further notice at public auction at the Town House, in said town, on the first Monday in February, 1909, at nine o'clock a. m.:

Ellen Carleton. Cottage at Swan Lake. Assessed valuation, \$125; taxes, \$2.38.  
Mrs. Lucy Holland. Cottage at Swan Lake. Assessed valuation, \$125; taxes, \$2.38.  
Lillian Cassens. Cottage at Maple Grove C. G. Assessed valuation, \$50; taxes, .95.  
Hotel at Maple Grove C. G. Assessed valuation, \$45; taxes, .85.  
Robert Fernald. Cottage at Maple Grove C. G. Assessed valuation, \$50; taxes, .95.  
W. S. Marshall. Cottage at Maple Grove C. G. Assessed valuation, \$50; taxes, .95.  
Walter Nash. Cottage at Maple Grove C. G. Assessed valuation, \$50; taxes, .95.  
Fred Eames. Land in Searsmont. Assessed valuation, \$90; taxes, \$1.71.  
Elmer Hamlin. Land in Searsmont. Assessed valuation, \$30; taxes, .57.  
F. G. Lancaster. Land in Searsmont. Assessed valuation, \$45; taxes, .85.  
W. H. Nickerson. Land in Searsmont. Assessed valuation, \$60; taxes, \$1.14.  
Peggy Nichols heirs. Land in Searsmont. Assessed valuation, \$100; taxes, \$1.90.  
Margaret Sawyer. Land in Searsmont. Assessed valuation, \$200; taxes, \$3.80.  
Sarah Sawyer. Land in Searsmont. Assessed valuation, \$50; taxes, .95.  
B. F. COLCORD, Collector of Taxes.

## Collector's Notice of Sale of Lands of Non-Resident Owners.

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the town of Searsmont, in the county of Waldo, for the year 1908.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the town of Searsmont aforesaid, for the year 1908, committed to me for collection for said town on the sixth day of May, 1908, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold without further notice at public auction at Dirigo Hall in said town, on the first Monday in February, 1909, at nine o'clock a. m.:

I. P. Allen. Bounded N. by Montville town line; E. by land of I. A. Hall; S. by river; W. by land of R. E. Howes; 35 acres. Value, \$75; tax, \$1.37.  
Chase & Company. Bounded N. W. by land of Herman Greer; N. E. by land of Mary E. Ordway; S. W. by Bartlett brook cottage; 1 acre land. Value, \$150; tax, \$2.75.  
Cobb, Wm. Est. On Appleton ridge road; bounded N. by Georges river; E. by land of J. A. Wellman; S. by Appleton ridge road; W. by land of O. A. Robbins; 35 acres. Value, \$300; tax, \$5.49.  
Pollett, C. V. Est. Bounded N. W. by land of G. F. Randall; S. by Dead river; E. by Georges river; 20 acres. Value, \$100; tax, \$1.85.  
Jackson, N. J. Bounded N. W. by Shibles road; E. by Morrill town line; S. by land of Chas. Banks; W. by land of O. A. Shibles; 16 acres. Value, \$300; tax, \$5.49.  
Poor, M. J. Mrs. Bounded N. W. by land of P. A. Crocker et al.; N. E. by land of Mary E. Ordway; S. E. by Emma Pease. House and barn; 4 acres of land. Value, \$550; tax, \$15.55.  
Poor, M. J. Mrs. lot No. 2. Pasture and wood lot bounded N. W. by land of James Fuller; N. E. by land of F. Fuller; S. E. by Spear road; S. W. by land of Mary Collier; 29 acres. Value, \$150; tax, \$2.75.  
Wentworth, Ella Mrs. On Belfast stage road; bounded by road and A. T. Toothaker and M. A. Fowler; 1/2 acre. House. Value, \$50; tax, .92.  
J. G. PACKARD, Collector of taxes of town of Searsmont.

December 15, 1908.—3w51

## CASTORIA

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Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

TO LET  
Three furnished rooms for housekeeping. Water; shed adjoining. Inquire at 48tf THE JOURNAL OFFICE.

Souvenir Post Cards 10c. per dozen at  
W. H. RICHARD'S.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR  
Bares Sores Prevents Pneumonia

## A Suggestion.

If you think of having any

## Monumental Work

done the coming spring, now is the time to put in your order while we have plenty of time to execute it. We have the latest and best designs out, the best stone in the country, compressed air and pneumatic tools with which to work it, and can give you the best job obtainable for your money. Give us a call.

## A. S. HEAL,

Formerly Heal & Wood,  
BRIDGE STREET, BELFAST, MAINE.

## Tax Collector's Notice of Sale.

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the town of Northport, in the county of Waldo, for the year 1908.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the town of Northport aforesaid, for the year 1908, committed to me for collection for said town on the 14th day of April, 1908, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given, that if said taxes, interest and charges, are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient and necessary to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold at public auction at E. B. Elwell's Hall, on the first Monday in February, 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m.:

Francis Caldwell. Lot No. 6 on the Bluff. Plan of W. A. Whitney. Value, \$100. Tax, \$2.30.  
Frank Kelley heirs. Mansfield cottage and lot, S. S. 'Bounded N. by land of C. O. Page; E. by Penobscot bay; S. by land of Alonzo Webber; W. by county road. Value, \$350. Tax, \$6.30.  
Minnie Ross Holman. Emery Brown farm. 100 acres. Bounded E. by Penobscot bay; W. by county road; S. by W. C. Wright farm. Value, \$1,500. Tax, \$24.  
Orrington cottage. Agent or owner (W. G. C. G.) Bounded N. by auditorium grounds; E. by Union cottage; W. by Carmel cottage. Value, \$100. Tax, \$1.60.  
Wm. Thompson cottage and lot at Kelley's Cove. Daniel Hodgdon lot. 17 acres. Value, \$1,100. Tax, \$17.60. Bounded N. by George Kelley and by land of Laurence Wadlin; E. by Penobscot bay; S. by Bushee lot; W. by county road and land of F. Moody.  
G. W. Wood lot. (W. G. C. G.) Bounded N. by land of F. A. Simpson; E. by land of Association; S. by Oak street; W. by Stubbs lot and cottage. Value, \$75. Tax, \$1.20.

C. O. DICKEY, Collector of taxes for the town of Northport, Northport, Dec. 15, 1908.—3w51

## Collector's Notice of Sale of Lands of Non-Resident Owners.

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the town of Lincolnville, in the county of Waldo, for the year 1908.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the town of Lincolnville aforesaid, for the year 1908, committed to me for collection for said town on the twenty-seventh day of April, 1908, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient and necessary to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold at public auction at the town house in said town, on the first Monday in February, 1909, at nine o'clock a. m.:

Camden Land Co. or Unknown. Land bounded N. W. by land of heirs of Wm. Monroe; N. E. by Butler farm; S. E. by Penobscot bay; S. W. by land of heirs of Peleg Griffin and Maria Hill. No. of acres, 68; value, \$700; tax on real estate, \$13.30.  
Camden Land Co. or Unknown. Land bounded N. W. by land of heirs of Peleg Griffin; N. E. by land of Butler; S. E. by Penobscot bay; S. W. by Freeman farm. No. of acres, 90; value, \$1,500; tax on real estate, \$28.50.  
Camden Land Co. or Unknown. Land bounded N. W. by land of heirs of Wm. Monroe; N. E. by land of W. W. Perry; S. E. by land of O. S. Hill. No. of acres, 40; value, \$400; tax on real estate, \$7.60.  
Camden Land Co. or Unknown. Land bounded N. W. by land of heirs of Wm. Monroe; N. E. by land of W. W. Perry; S. E. by land of Walter C. Hill; S. W. by Camden town line. No. of acres, 20; value, \$150; tax on real estate, \$2.85.  
Camden Land Co. or Unknown. Land bounded N. W. by land of heirs of Wm. Monroe; N. E. by land of Maria Hill; S. E. by land of heirs of Peleg Griffin and Llewellyn Griffin; S. W. by land of W. W. Perry. No. of acres, 40; value, \$250; tax on real estate, \$4.75.  
Susan P. Fields. Two lots, Nos. 10-11, section A, one lot No. 2, section L, and one lot No. 11, section E, on plan drawn by James E. Stone; value, \$100; tax on real estate, \$1.90.  
W. W. Lord. Two lots, Nos. 88-89, on plan drawn by James E. Stone; value, \$50; tax on real estate, .95.  
L. H. KNIGHT, Collector of taxes of the town of Lincolnville. Dated the 15th day of December, 1908.—3w51

## Elmbrook Farm For Sale

Formerly known as the GILBERT ELLIS place. Land and buildings in a fine wood lot, good bearing young orchard. Write or inquire of

45tf HORACE CHENERY, Belfast, Me.

## Collector's Notice of Sale of Lands of Non-Resident Owners. State of Maine.

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the city of Belfast, in the county of Waldo, for the year 1908, committed to me for collection for said city on the thirty-first day of July, 1908, remain unpaid, and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient and necessary to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold at public auction at the collector's office in said city on the first Monday in February, 1909, at nine o'clock a. m.:

Name of Owner.	Description of Property.
Ames, E. J. and W. A.	Land and house at terminus of by-road past T. C. Nickerson.
Ames, George P.	Land on Hall's Corner road, 1st W. of Brackett farm.
Belfast & M. H. L. R. R. Co.	Depot grounds and buildings at Dock square.
Land and wharf at W. end of lower bridge and S. side of Bridge street.	
Car house near W. end of lower bridge and N. side of Bridge street.	
Land and wharf at W. end of lower bridge and S. side of Bridge street.	
Lot next E. of engine house at Dock square.	
Wharf next N. of Lewis wharf, so-called.	
Berry, Jonathan.	Lot and house on E. side of High St., 3rd S. of Green St.
Berry, John H.	Lot and house on E. side of Patterson road.
	Lot on E. side of lane between lots 34 and 35.
Bowman, W. H.	Lot on S. side of Hall's Corner road, next to Belmont line.
	Land bounded N. by land of Edmond E. by same S. by Gowen heirs' land, and W. by road.
Freeman, Sherman W.	Land on W. side of Northport avenue and N. side of Perkins road; 2nd from corner.
Gilmore, Melvin.	Land and house on Searsmont shore road between Smith and Lawrence's land.
Graves, Edith M.	Westerly half of Benj. T. Black heirs' house on N. side of Searsmont shore road.
Greer, Herbert A.	Lot and house on N. E. corner of Commercial and Union streets.
Holmes, Alonzo.	Land being the W. 1/2 of lot 42 in 4th Div.
Hill, Charles R.	Lot on N. side of Commercial St., 2nd E. of Union St.
	Lot and house on E. side of Bay View St., 7th S. of Commercial St.
Howard, Mary C.	Land on shore, being formerly Daniel Hinds' property.
Jones, Frank S.	Land and buildings on Searsmont shore road next west of Lawrence's.
	Land and buildings on Searsmont shore road, formerly by Hannah Clark farm.
Lawrence, Dana.	Homestead on Searsmont shore road next W. of Gilmore's land.
Lenfest, James.	Land on north line of Belfast.
Lenfest, Charles H.	Land being the north half of lot 49 in 4th Div.
Mathews, Nathaniel C.	Land on W. side of Northport avenue next S. of W. B. White heirs' land.
McIntire, Clarence E.	Lot and house on W. side of Church street, 2nd S. of Grove street.
Moody, Thomas Heirs.	Land and house on E. side of road to Lewis strong's farm.
Patterson, O. R.	Land being the N. W. corner of lot 30 in 3rd Div.
Patterson, A. K.	Land on N. side of Searsmont shore road and W. side of lane between lots 16 and 17.
Shaw, William F.	Land on N. side of Patterson road.
Sellers, William P.	Homestead on W. side of by-road from Little river road to house of Gerish.
Sackins, Alonzo A.	Land formerly of Wm. Canning.
Small, Jere A.	Land being the whole of lot 44 in 4th Div.
	Land being 1/2 of lot 43 in 4th Div.
	Land being the N. W. corner of lot 31 in 3rd Div.
	Land and buildings 1st in Belfast on E. side of Swanville road.
Small, John M.	Lot and house on N. side of Vine St., 3rd W. of High St.
Smart, William.	Lot and buildings on S. side of Searsmont shore road.
Van Rensselaer, Mrs. Horace.	Land on E. side of Northport ave. extending to shore.
Whitmore, Samuel.	Land on W. line of Belfast, being the W. end of lot 25 in 4th Div.
Whittier, Ezra B.	Land bounded S. and W. by line of lot 25, N. by Mathews and E. by line of Crook's land.
	Land on W. side of Bangor road, formerly of C. G. Thomas' land.
Whittier, Emma F.	Land being S. E. corner of lot 26 in 3rd Div.
Wilson, Blanche.	Lot on N. side of Bridge St. at E. end of Pierce St.

J. B. WATERMAN, Collector.

## MARCELLUS J. DOW, BROOKS, MAINE.

HAS A FINE LINE OF . . .  
Outings, Blankets, Underwear, Wool Flannels and a General Assortment of Warm Winter Goods.

MEN'S SOCKS AND MITTENS DIRECT FROM FORT KENT.  
PINE TREE SUITS FOR BOYS.

Suesine Silk, Ribbons, Veilings, Laces,  
Gloves and Neckwear.

SMALL WARES AND HOLIDAY GOODS IN ABUNDANCE







THE REPUBLICAN JOURNAL

BELFAST, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1908

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY THE

Republican Journal Publishing Co.

CHARLES A. PILSBURY, Editor and Business Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION TERMS—In advance, \$2.00 a year; \$1.00 for six months; 50 cents for three months.

ADVERTISING TERMS—For one square, one inch length in column, 50 cents for one week and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

With this issue The Republican Journal completes its 80th year and volume.

The founder of the first English penny newspaper is dead; but he lived to see the development of the American comic supplement.—Boston Budget.

And that may have shortened his life.

The Panama bonds were subscribed twice over, and recent sales were at an average of \$102.436; and as they bear only 2 per cent interest it would indicate that there is plenty of idle money, which its possessors do not see fit to permanently invest in the many wild cat schemes which gather in the dollars of people who can ill afford to lose them.

The December number of The Industrial Journal contains a very interesting and beautifully illustrated article on Fort Kent, a locality in Northern Maine rich in historical interest. It has great water power possibilities, is an important supply center for lumber operators, and was the home of the late Major William Dickey, who long bore the title of the Duke of Fort Kent.

Some judges are inclined to value the advertisement given the New York World by the President's message as high as a million dollars. And it didn't cost Joseph Pulitzer a cent.—Portland Argus.

Possibly not, in money; but the publication of "infamous libels" and "wicked slanders," as they were fitly termed by President Roosevelt, should cost something in loss of reputation to the newspaper and its proprietor.

Turf, Farm and Home of Waterville in commenting recently on the potato growing industry of Central Maine suggested that starch factories were a necessary adjunct to the business. There is already a move in that direction. The Central Maine Potato Starch Company is preparing to erect a large potato house in Dexter in the spring and one of the promoters is now receiving subscriptions for stock among business men and farmers.

The Rockland Opinion says of the report of the Tax Commission: "Every citizen should read the full report and do his own thinking. No more important question is before our people or can ever be presented, and none can afford to treat it lightly or render a snap judgment." That of course is the proper thing to do. The tax problem is a difficult one to solve and it is not probable that it will ever be solved to the satisfaction of every one; but it is hoped that the legislature may make some progress toward an equitable adjustment of taxation.

The fact that during a year of depression in the shipping trade Maine should have launched 14,000 tons is reassuring as to a revival of shipbuilding in the near future. The tonnage put afloat was only 1500 tons less than in 1907, while exceeding that of the years 1905-6. Coal freights were lower the past season than ever before and many of the big schooners were idle for weeks at a time. Another fact to be taken into consideration is that the old-time coasting vessels are going out of existence by disaster or decay, and something must take their place in carrying to ports which the big schooners built in recent years cannot enter. No ships or barks have been built in Maine in recent years and no brigs since 1883.

Maine apple growers will be interested in the proceedings at a recent session of the Nova Scotia Fruit Association. It appears that there are thirty model orchards in this province, over which the government has supervision for ten years, and two additional orchards are to be planted next year. A resolution was passed expressing appreciation of the model orchard and asking that the government supervision be continued beyond the ten-year term. One speaker said that Nova Scotia had lost about \$25,000 by picking apples too green this year, and \$140,000 by using the small barrel. He thought it was better to pay a reasonable price for cold storage than to have other storage free, and said that "apples should not be sold abroad on commission, but buyers should come to our warehouses and purchase." A discussion followed and a resolution was passed asking for a uniform Canadian barrel, according to the decision of the Ottawa conference in 1906.

Cardenio F. King was on trial in Boston for larceny of something like \$24,000. As a promoter and broker he received money from customers who ordered certain stocks, retained the money and failed to deliver the stocks. His counsel contended, in argument, that the custom and usage of brokers was to take the money, mingle it with their own funds, and it thereby became a part of their funds and they were entitled to the use of it. Let us see how this would work in other lines of business. A customer orders a barrel of flour of a grocer and pays for it. The grocer mingles the money with his own funds and does not deliver the flour. There certainly is no custom or usage which would sanction such a transaction. Counsel for the prosecution in the King case rightly contended that the relation of one who had deposited funds with another to be applied to some specific purpose is that of a trustee, and if that party does not apply those funds to his own use, it amounts to embezzlement.

The same and safe newspapers of the country approve of the sentence of Gompers and his associates, as do all law-

abiding citizens. The New York Times, a Democratic newspaper, thus sums up the case:

"At the bar Mr. Gompers and those sentenced with him renewed their contention that they are martyrs to the cause of free speech and the liberty of the individual. Judge Wright's exposition of the case leaves not a shred of the contention. Neither Mr. Gompers nor the Federation suffers for anything done in advancement of their own interests. They suffer for injuring others, both employers and employees, both capitalists and laborers. They forbade contracts of labor and employment without their approval. This is something very different from advancing the interests of trades unions or trades unionists. It is intimated that the unions contemplate associating themselves with Mr. Gompers' mistake. It is a blunder which they would do well not to commit. They can abandon Mr. Gompers' position and survive, but for the community to retreat from the judge's position would be to initiate anarchy."

The New York Evening Post, a radical free trade journal, is very much exercised over talk of a movement to place a duty on foreign-built yachts. It says, among other things: "The great saving in building boats abroad may often be just the thing which brings the yacht within the owner's means." Now it has been demonstrated that the difference in the cost of an American and a foreign built yacht is not so very great; and what difference would a few thousand dollars make to the American who can order of a British builder a yacht to cost half a million dollars? There is said to have recently been constructed abroad for Americans six large yachts at an aggregate cost of perhaps \$8,000,000. One of these yachts was built for Mr. Pulitzer, proprietor of the New York World, whose income is considerably over a million dollars a year, all derived from the American people. It would seem that he could well afford to spend a little of that money in this country, and that other rich Americans might do the same. In model, material and workmanship the United States is second to none in the construction of steam and sailing craft, and if our millionaires and multi-millionaires prefer to patronize foreign builders we believe it would be only just that they should be taxed as proposed.

The News of Brooks.

Mrs. Frank Philbrick and daughter of Thorn-dike were in town Saturday and called upon friends.

The sleighing is excellent now and it is glorious winter weather. No reason why business cannot be done in the country with the present opportunities.

Walter E. Gibbs has had the misfortune to have one of his horses break his leg as he was driving him in the street opposite the store of A. E. Chase. The horse was a valuable one and Mr. Gibbs will try to save it. He has bought a Brown Baden colt of Perley Elwell which promises to be a good one.

The children of the West Brooks school had a very nice time at their schoolhouse on the afternoon of December 24th. The entertainment was as follows: Declamations, George Peavey, "Longfellow's First Poem"; Wayland Kenney, "A Country Boy"; Bertha Ryan, Norman Webber and Norman Bachelder, "Ring the Joy Bells"; song, Donald Forbes; rec., Lila Waning, "The Great Guest Comes"; rec., Donald Forbes; dec., Stanley Knowlton, "Teacher's Pet"; dialogue, Christmas exercises, Wayland Kenney and Herbert Ryan; rec., Lizzie Larabee, "Santa Claus Sister"; rec., Lizzie Knowlton; Christmas riddles by four boys; dec., Wilson Bachelder; rec., Lila Waning, "Hilda's Christmas"; Essay on Christmas, Donald Forbes; dec., Herbert Ryan, "Santa Claus and the Mouse"; dec., Sidney Penney; rec., Bertha Ryan, "Christmas Tree"; song, Donald Forbes; dialogue, "Gramma Dew Drops Christmas"; rec., Mary Thompson, "Grandma's Experience"; rec., Donald Forbes.

The community was shocked by the sudden death of John C. Rose, which occurred at his home last Monday evening. He had been in rather poor health for several years, but had kept about his business. On the day of his death he hauled wood with his team, but in the evening was found in a dying condition in the tie-up of his barn behind the cattle. Heart failure is supposed to have been the immediate cause of his death. Mr. Rose, while a man of quiet and reserved habits, was well informed and a very highly respected citizen. He lived on the Capt. Bean place, so-called, about one-quarter of a mile from the post office. He was about 70 years of age. He is survived by his wife who is the daughter of Capt. A. D. Bean of Co. F, 4th Maine infantry, and also by a daughter, Miss Mabel Rose, the principal of the Brooks primary school and known as one of the most efficient and successful teachers in the county. Mr. Rose had served on the board of selectmen and in other towns offices and was honored and respected by all who knew him. The funeral will be held at the home this Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Wedding Bells.

GINN-NICKERSON. A quiet wedding took place on Christmas day at the home of Miss Minnie Shaw, Vine street, when Herman Ginn of Portland was united in marriage to Miss Virginia Nickerson of Belfast. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Ashley A. Smith. The bride was gown in a brown travelling dress. Mr. and Mrs. Ginn took the afternoon boat up river, en route to Portland, where they will make their home, and where a reception was held in their honor last Saturday evening. They received many useful and pretty gifts.

The Speakership Contest Over.

PORTLAND, Me., Dec. 29. Representative Howard Davies of Yarmouth today announced his withdrawal from the contest for speaker of the Maine house of representatives. This left the field clear to Representative George G. Weeks of Fairfield, his only opponent.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Word has been received at Vinalhaven from Eureka, Calif., announcing the death December 28th, of Elmina (Arey) widow of the late Mark Calderwood, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ed. Ruscoe. She was 81 years of age.

OBITUARY.

It is with deep regret we announce the death of Mrs. Julia A. Nichols, wife of the late Joseph Nichols of Searsport, which occurred Saturday, December 26th, at 7 p. m., in Lincolnville at the residence of her nephew, Edgar B. Pottle, at the age of 84 years, 4 months and 4 days. Mrs. Nichols was formerly Julia Stetson, a daughter of the late Josiah Stetson, and one of a family of twelve children of whom only one survives—Mrs. Amanda Catlin of Philadelphia, Penn. She was twice married. Her first husband was Frank Mariner of Lincolnville, and the second Mr. Joseph Nichols of Searsport, and she lived in Searsport until the death of her husband some ten years ago. Since then she had made it her home with Mr. and Mrs. Pottle, and although her health has not been of the best—she had been lame for years and had lost her hearing—she bore all her misfortunes with great patience until the last few years of her life, when as she was unable to work and being a very active and industrious woman, her burdens were more heavily upon her. She had been a great care at times, but was most tenderly cared for by Mrs. Pottle, who ministered to her every wish and did everything in human power to brighten the last days of her life, celebrating her birthday by having her relatives assemble at her home and making it as enjoyable as possible for her. She was a Christian all her life and during her long illness retained her faculties till the last, when she gradually failed, passing quietly away. She leaves many near and dear relatives who deeply mourn their loss. Among them is a nephew, Edward Noyes of Portland, Oregon; and a niece, Miss Ella Pottle of Medford Mass., who came home to attend the funeral, which was held at her late home on Wednesday afternoon, December 23d, Rev. L. D. Evans of Camden officiating. Mrs. Dr. Armstrong was in attendance and rendered some appropriate selections in an appreciative manner. The floral offerings were beautiful. Among them was a pillow from Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Pottle and a wreath from Miss Ella Pottle. Much sympathy is extended to the relatives in their bereavement.

Mrs. Rebecca Thompson, widow of the late Timothy Thompson, died at her home on Union street, last Thursday evening, of paresis after a long and distressing illness, aged 79 years, 3 months and 2 days. Mrs. Thompson was born in Northport September 22, 1829, the daughter of Ebenezer and Sally Bird Burkmar and her early childhood was spent there. When a mere girl of twelve she came to Belfast, where she worked in prominent families long since deceased, giving faithful attention to every duty devolving upon her. October 5, 1851, she was married to Timothy Thompson, at that time an accountant in the store of Kimball & Miller, then located on what is known as Lewis' Wharf. Four children were born to them—Alice, who married Thomas W. Gates and whose home is in Lebanon, N. H.; Eugene, who died in 1875; Willis, who has always made his home here, and Walter who died in 1879. During her early married life, and until prevented by family cares, she was a constant attendant at the Universalist church under the leadership of Rev. U. C. Fletcher. Mrs. Thompson was a woman of sweet and winning personality; kindness of heart and careful thought of others dominated her life, and the services quietly rendered to the unfortunate and distressed, known only to a few, were many and helpful. Naturally bright and cheery, overflowing with good humor, patient in suffering, faithful to her family, who were near and dear to her, she went out of life peacefully, willing and content to go. During the last five years she had been tenderly cared for by her son Willis, who has been devoted to himself. She will be long and tenderly remembered by many. Mrs. Thompson is survived by one sister, Mrs. Thomas Smalley of Northport, who, through sickness, was unable to be present at the last sad rites. The funeral was held at her late home, Union street, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. Albert E. Luce of the Methodist church officiating. The floral offerings were many and beautiful. The body was placed in the new tomb at Grove Cemetery to await burial in the family lot next spring.

The remains of W. Eugene Parker, who died in New York November 30th, were brought to Belfast, his former home, last week and placed in the receiving tomb until spring, when they will be laid beside his father, the late Henry S. Parker, a former Belfast resident. Eugene Parker is well remembered in Belfast and is a cousin of S. A. Parker of this city. He is survived by his mother and one son.

**Does not Color the Hair**  
**AYER'S HAIR VIGOR**  
Stops Falling Hair  
Destroys Dandruff  
An Elegant Dressing  
Makes Hair Grow  
Composed of Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chlorid, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfume. Ask your doctor his opinion of such a hair preparation.  
**AYER'S HAIR VIGOR**  
**Does not Color the Hair**  
J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.

**EGGS for HATCHING**  
Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred  
**BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS.**  
Our stock are descendants of the Hawkins Royal Blue strain, carefully bred in this climate for winter layers; raised on free range; are large, healthy and vigorous.  
Price \$2.00 per Setting of 15 Eggs; \$7.00 per hundred; \$60 per thousand.  
Sent by American express to any point in New England.  
Eggs from pure bred S. C. R. I. Reds at same price. These are from stock averaging to lay better than 200 eggs per year. Come and let us show you just what our birds are doing, or write us.  
Breeding Cockerels for sale from both strains.  
Also 30 Fine Male Yearlings at \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$5.00 each.  
We shall have for sale in May 3,000 day-old chicks at 15c and 25c each.  
**PINELAND POULTRY FARM,**  
Belfast, Maine.  
W. M. RANDALL, Prop.  
S. E. SOWEN, Supt.

**Keyes' Orchestra**  
Dance Music a Specialty.  
RATES REASONABLE.  
Any number of instruments furnished.  
**JOHN C. CLEMENT, Manager.**  
Day tel. 4-3. Evening 164-11 t53

Samantha, widow of the late Rila Kittredge, died at her home on Congress street Sunday at 6.30 p. m. of organic heart disease. She was a native of Pen Yan, N. Y., and her maiden name was Ellis. After her marriage with Mr. Kittredge they moved to Wisconsin, but soon after came to Belfast and for many years conducted a dry and fancy goods store here, both retiring about 9 years ago, when the store was located in the Howes block on Main street. She was the last of her father's family and is survived by two daughters, Miss Elizabeth A. of Los Angeles, Calif., and Miss Anna of this city. The deceased was devoted to her home and its interests, was of a retiring disposition and refined manner. She was 77 years of age. The funeral took place at her late home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Ashley A. Smith of the Universalist church. The bearers were John Waterman, Alvah Redman, Horace W. Fitcher and Moses W. Rich.

William Henry Anderson, son of Governor Hugh J. Anderson, died in Portland, December 26th. He was born in this city 72 years ago and had a distinguished career, of which a full sketch will be given in our next issue. The funeral was held in Portland Monday afternoon. The pallbearers were ex-Gov. Selden Connor of Augusta, Maj. Henry S. Burage of Togus, Fritz H. Jordan and Maj. Charles H. Boyd of Portland and Dr. Alfred Mitchell of Brunswick. The Rev. John C. Perkins officiated. There was a large attendance of members of the Loyal Legion and others from various parts of the State.

Julia S., wife of Captain Claude M. Gilley, keeper of Negro Island light, died in Camden December 22nd, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William Richards. She was 64 years of age. Mrs. Gilley was spending a few days with her daughter and was stricken with paralysis while shopping. Besides a husband she leaves to mourn their loss three daughters, Mrs. Annie Anderson and Mrs. William Richards of Camden, and Mrs. Edwin Watson of Rockport; also two sons, Roy of Camden, and Harry of Los Angeles, Calif. Mrs. Gilley was a woman of quiet, unassuming manners, a devoted wife and mother, and the deep sympathy of all is tendered to the family in their sorrow.

Thomas Hadigan, formerly of Winterport, died December 25th, in Barre, Vt. He is survived by his wife, father, two sons and a daughter; a brother, Michael, of Winterport, and two sisters, Miss Mary Hadigan of Bangor, and Mrs. Joseph Hughes of Winterport. The remains were taken to Winterport for interment and the funeral was held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock in St. Gabriel's church.

JACKSON.

A pleasant Christmas was enjoyed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Stevens. One of the pleasant features of the occasion was the home-coming of Mary, the only sister of Mr. Stevens, and her husband, Mr. Eugene Hinckley of Lawrence, Mass., and Clifford J. Stevens, a student at Worcester Academy, Worcester, Mass. The house was decorated with Christmas greens and bells, and a tree heavily laden with gifts added much to the decorations. The day was pleasantly spent, and the only regret was the absence of the son, Lewis M., who is in Lockville, Conn. The happy party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Hinckley, Miss Marion Reynolds and the following children: Anetia and her husband, George Kimball; Lyman, Levi, Clifford, Henry and Hattie. Miss Emily Brown is at home for the holidays. Mrs. H. P. Hews and brother Grover have returned from a visit in Aroostook county. Mrs. Laura Chase has returned from New Brunswick, where she was called by the sickness and death of her mother. Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Boyd and two children have moved to their little camp by the mill for the winter. Everett Brown passed Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brown. Clifford Stevens is at home on a vacation from Massachusetts, where he has been attending school for the past three years. He was accompanied by his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Hinckley. The High school pupils enjoyed a vacation from Wednesday until Monday. Ernest Kitchin of Idaho visited his sister, Mrs. Laura Chase, a few days. The friends of Mrs. Meda Chase will be sorry to hear that she has sprained her ankle. The two Sunday schools in town united Christmas night and gave a concert and had a Christmas tree. The program was well carried out and Old Santa did his part right well. Misses Verne and Pearl Chase visited in Belfast last week with their aunt, Mrs. A. K. Fletcher. Miss Ola Webb returned Tuesday morning to Kent's Hill.

Mrs. Georgie Wilson of Portland, who inspected Grover Circle, No. 11, Ladies G. A. R. at Fryeburg, last week said she "had never seen the work better exemplified than by this Circle. She considered the work perfect." This was very complimentary to the retiring president, Mrs. W. R. Tarbox.—White Mountain Reporter.

**When Making**  
Purchases at our store always call  
**For Premium Cards**  
It will save your money.  
The Cards will explain.  
**Lords'**  
The Fashion.  
**THE STORE FOR MONEY SAVERS**  
HIGH STREET, BELFAST.

**Belfast Savings Bank.**  
Notice is hereby given that Savings Bank Book No. 13,274, issued by this Bank, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate book according to laws regulating issuing new books.  
**WILMER J. DORMAN, Treasurer.**  
Belfast, December 21, 1908.—3w52

**Card of Thanks.**  
To all our friends who through sympathy, kindness of heart and loving deeds, helped me to bear my great burden of sorrow caused by the loss of a much loved mother, and for all the beautiful flowers, silent tributes of genuine affection, the handsome wreath sent by the employees of Mathews Bros. mill, we extend grateful and heartfelt thanks.  
**WILLIS THOMPSON,**  
**ALICE THOMPSON GATES.**

**King is Found Guilty.**  
BOSTON, December 29. Cardenio F. King, broker, charged with the larceny of more than \$25,000 from investors, was tonight found guilty of 27 counts, and not guilty on four counts, by a jury in the Superior criminal Court. The Jury rendered its verdict a few minutes before midnight, having been out since late in the afternoon.

**1909.**  
A NEW YEAR is again near at hand and the time is with us when it is apropos to review the passing year and note its lessons and results.  
**Growth, Safety and Success**  
IS THE RECORD REVEALED.  
**The City National Bank of Belfast**  
is rounding out again the most successful year of its existence, each year better than the last.  
We have been compelled by our growth to plan for larger quarters and a year hence we will be in our new building on Chase's Corner, where we can accommodate the public as it deserves.  
**1909**  
PROMISES POSSIBILITIES GREATER STILL.  
**THIS BANK STANDS FOR**  
CONSERVATISM, ABSOLUTE SAFETY, yet LIBERAL TREATMENT of its patrons, and is widely known both within and without the County.  
IF YOU ARE CONTEMPLATING OPENING A SAVINGS ACCOUNT, CHECKING ACCOUNT, HAVING A SAFE DEPOSIT BOX, OR A CHANGE IN YOUR PRESENT BANKING RELATIONS,  
**The City National Bank of Belfast**  
IS THE PLACE TO DROP ANCHOR.  
We again take this opportunity to acknowledge our obligation to the people of this community, thank them for their confidence and patronage and  
**Extend Our Best Wishes for the Coming Year.**  
**THE CITY NATIONAL BANK OF BELFAST**

**Charles R. Coombs,**  
**UNDERTAKER AND**  
**LICENSED EMBALMER.**  
(I still keep the old firm name, R. H. Coombs & Son over my door). Having secured the services of  
**MR. CHAS. E. SHERMAN**  
as my assistant, I can more easily carry on the business, for which I have given 25 years of my life, to the study of  
**Everything Modern in**  
**Caskets and Robes.**  
—ALSO—  
**Heavy Slate Burial Vaults at**  
**ways in stock.**  
Calls answered promptly either day or night. Home telephone, 48-3; office 48-1. Ambulance for moving the sick furnished promptly. I also carry a full line of  
**AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPH SUPPLIES**  
And do developing, printing, etc., at lowest prices. Films for all sizes and makes of Cameras.  
**72 MAIN STREET, BELFAST.**

**WE are going to sell the**  
**next two weeks**  
**Case Pipes**  
**25% Discount.**  
**DONT FORGET THE PLACE.**  
**D. F. STEPHENSON'S,**  
Next Door to the Windsor Hotel.  
**Table Board**  
We are prepared to furnish table board, and have a furnished room to let. Apply to  
W. A. HALL,  
51 46 Church Street, Belfast.

**WATER COLOR PAINTINGS**  
At SANBORN'S STUDIO.  
Local views, each one different.  
\$1.00 and up.  
3w51 Visitors Welcome.

**Ten cent assortment of**  
**Japanese China at**  
**W. H. RICHARDS.**

**NOTICE**  
If the person who was seen from the floor above taking a silver (gold lined) shaving mug and brush from our store December 21, will kindly return the same at once or send us \$5.00 there will be no prosecution.  
YOU KNOW THE ADDRESS.  
We have both the number and the manufacturer's name of the above.  
**Caution Notice.**  
Whereas my wife, Clara B. Ladd, having left my bed and board without any just cause, this is to forbid all persons trusting or harboring her on my account. I have a good home for her to which she can come at any time and I shall pay no bills of her contracting after this date, December 19, 1908.  
DAVID LADD.

**What It Means To**  
**Belfast**  
If the Penobscot Bay Electric Co. is allowed to enter this city, there certainly is not room in the city for two electric companies, one or the other will have to pass out of existence.  
**The Local Company** operates both gas and electric located within the city. If it is the present local company forced out of existence, what will happen?  
The local company carry on its pay roll ten men, all of them Belfast. If it is put out of business, what will they find for ten men in this city? NO. Their power is generated in a town, twenty miles away, and would only be distributed here by collections made. Two men would be all that would find employment. PRACTICALLY ALL THE COLLECTED MONEY WOULD GO OUT OF TOWN.  
The local company has a pay roll of six thousand dollars and sand dollars yearly. If it is put out of business will the Penobscot Bay Electric Company distribute this amount for labor in this city? NO, OF COURSE NOT.  
The local company spends in this city four to five hundred dollars yearly for coal, bought of LOCAL PARTIES, hauled in LOCAL TEAMS, fired by LOCAL MEN. If the local company is put out of business will the Penobscot Bay Electric Company purchase coal from local parties, or require this amount of teaming? Of course not. Their power plant is twenty miles away.  
The local company purchases from local merchants all possible supplies.  
The local company pays over a five hundred dollar yearly to Will the Penobscot Bay Electric Company have any such amount of property in this city? Probably not.

**Do You Want to Lose Your Gas Stoves?**  
DO NOT FORGET THE GAS PLANT. This department serves a large number of patrons, for both illuminating and cooking purposes. If the local company is obliged to compete with the Penobscot Bay Electric Company, in the electric department, it will be obliged to discontinue the manufacture of gas, as it is not a profitable making proposition, and all the resources of the company may be required to carry on the electric power and lighting business. Will the Penobscot Bay Electric Company furnish you gas? Of course not. They themselves testified to this at the hearing last Monday evening.  
**To Sum It All Up,** the Local Gas and Electric Company is a local industry, turning back into the hands of the citizens of Belfast three-fourths to seven-eighths of all its earnings. In view of these facts, are you going to allow the local company to be driven out of this city? If you are interested to keep the local company with us and preserve the gas plant, use your influence in that direction. This is a matter of public welfare.

**BELFAST GAS & ELECTRIC CO.**  
**WE WANT THE JOB**  
of repairing your WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Etc.  
We carry a complete stock.  
**H. J. LOCKE & SON, JEWELERS and OPTICIANS.**  
NATIONAL BANK BUILDING, BELFAST.

**FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR**  
for children; safe, sure. No opiates.  
See Coupon Advertisement of the Belfast Department Store.  
"I suffered habitually from constipation. Doan's Regulets relieved and strengthened my bowels, so that they have been regular ever since."—A. E. Davis, grocer, Salinas, Cal., Texas.















